



PBL Netherlands Environmental  
Assessment Agency

# Combining transitions case studies with transitions modelling: Mobility in the PATHWAYS project

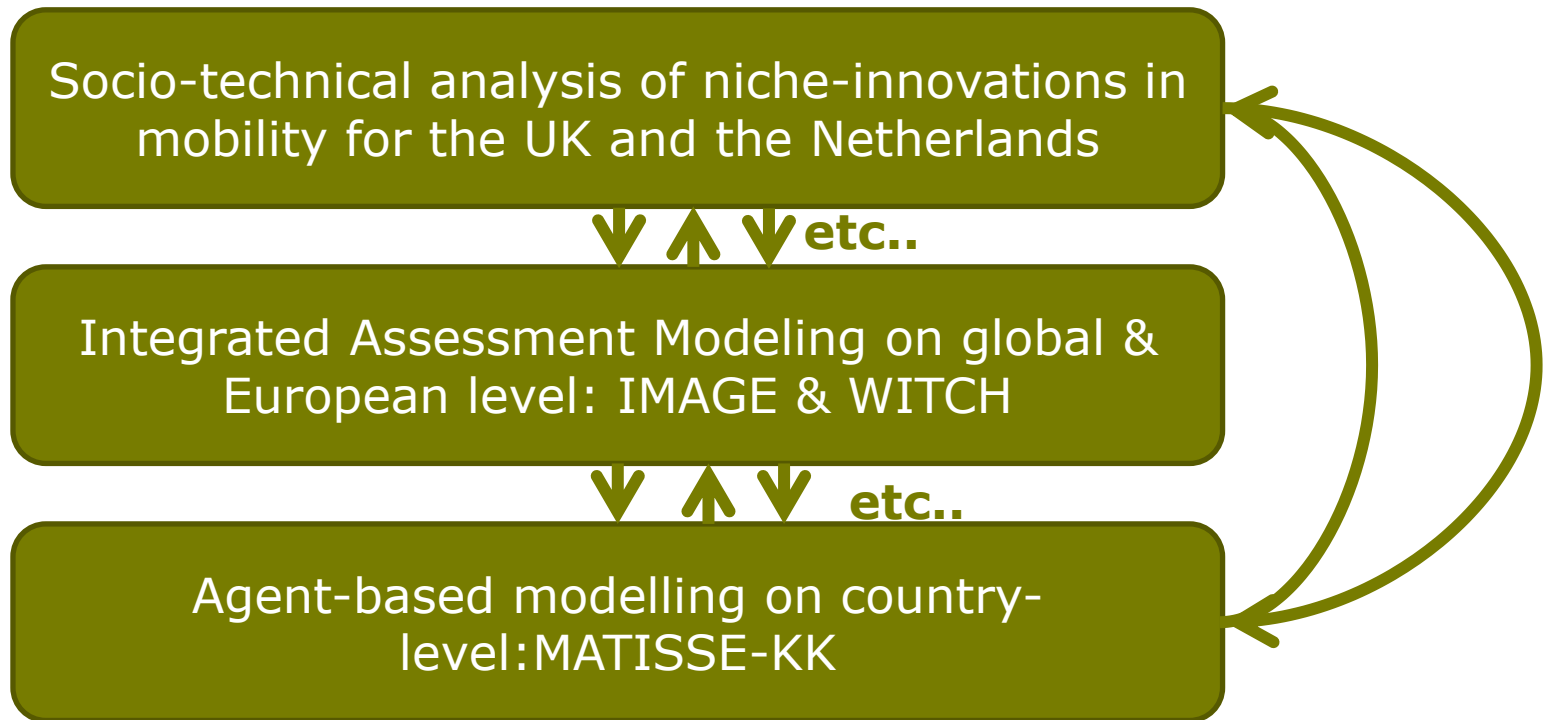
PATHWAYS/SOER workshop  
EEA, Copenhagen  
21-22 November 2016

Andries Hof





## Creating the scenarios: a joint effort





## Two “ideal-type” pathways as basis

- Pathway A / Technical component substitution pathway:
  - adjustment of existing regime without a full reordering of the existing societal structures (for instance adding CCS to coal or gas-fired power plants or existing owners of the land broadening the services they provide)
- Pathway B / Broader regime transformation:
  - a shift to a new socio-technical system by also including wider behavioural and cultural changes, new user practices and institutions (for instance decentralised PV installation, car-sharing)



# Summary from socio-technical analysis of niche-innovations

Niche innovation	Pathway	
	Netherlands	UK
(Plug-in-)Hybrid Electric Vehicles	A	A
Battery Electric Vehicles:	A	A
Biofuels	A	A
Hydrogen fuel Cells	A	A
Car sharing	B	B
Urban Cycling/Sharing Schemes		B
Inter-modal Ticketing (Smart Cards)		A / B

## Momentum Legend

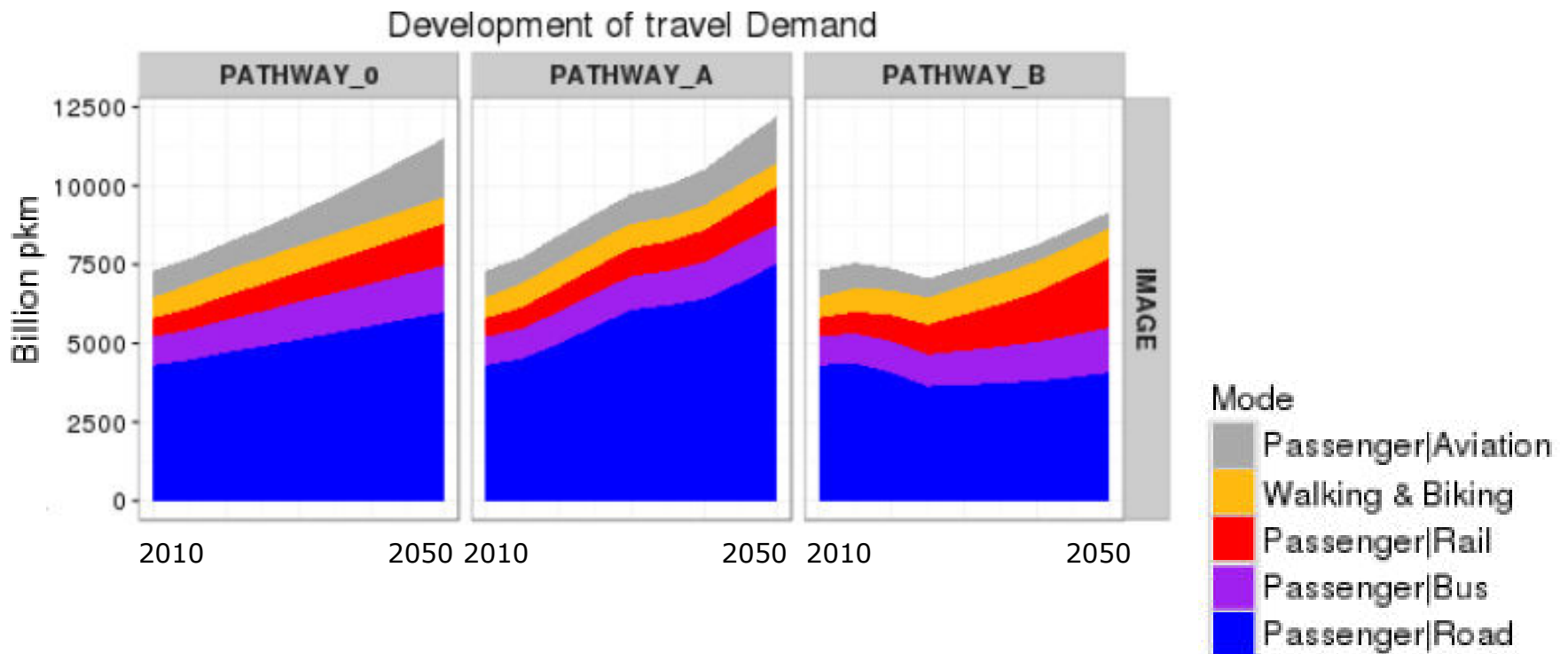
Very low
Low
Medium
High
Very High

	IMAGE	PATHWAY A WITCH	MATISSE-KK	IMAGE	PATHWAY B WITCH	MATISSE-KK
<b>Electric (both BEV and PHEV)</b>	25% purchasing price subsidy	+25% battery learning rate, +50% engine efficiency growth rate	Higher priority on environmental performance, increasing convenience as battery ranges improve and infrastructure develops			
<b>Bio</b>	25% purchasing price subsidy	+50% engine efficiency growth rate	Improved environmental performance			
<b>H2</b>	25% purchasing price subsidy	(Not considered in WITCH)	Improved environmental performance, high cost, lower convenience through lack of infrastructure (chicken and egg problem)			
<b>Car sharing</b>				Increased vehicle occupancy	Increased vehicle occupancy	
<b>Other</b>				Reducing available travel budget per person	Lower travel demand and vehicle ownership growth	Change in lifestyle, with less car use, more emphasis on environment, more emphasis on mixed zones and public transport
				Increased preference for public transport		

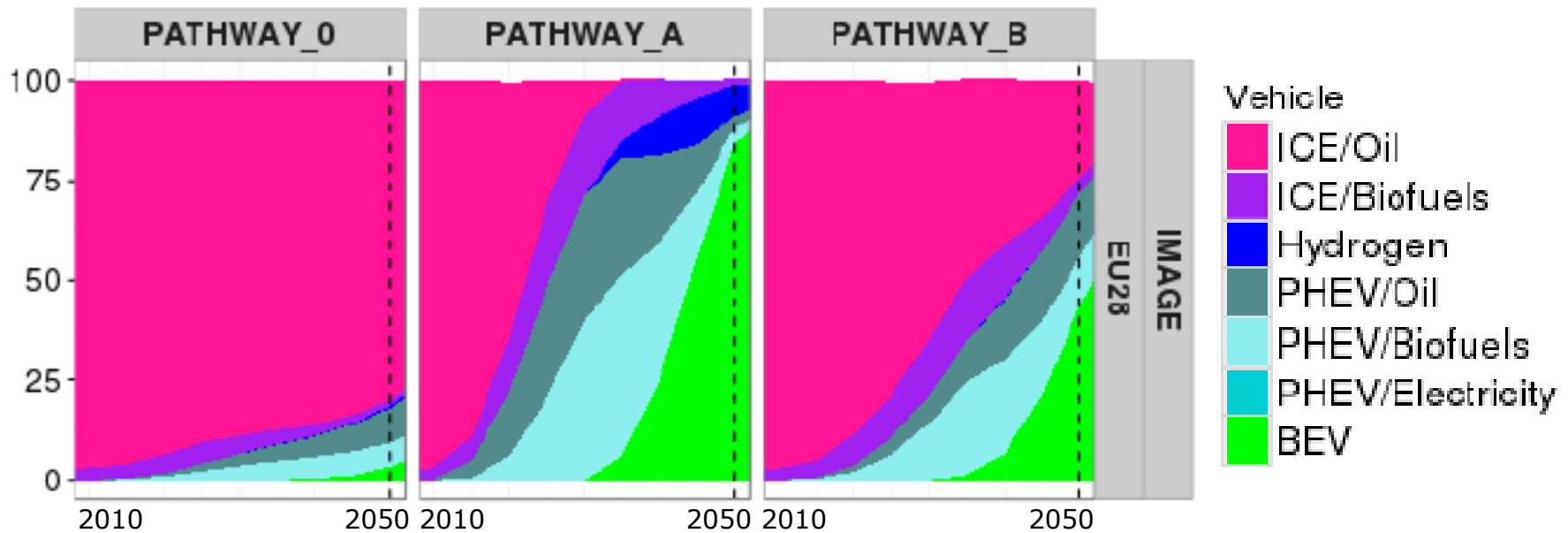
Scenario adaptations according to socio-technical assessments

Not modified relative to PATHWAY 0
Social and behavioural change (demand, preferences)
Regulatory change (intervention, governance)
Technical change (acceleration)
Shock (Shift away)

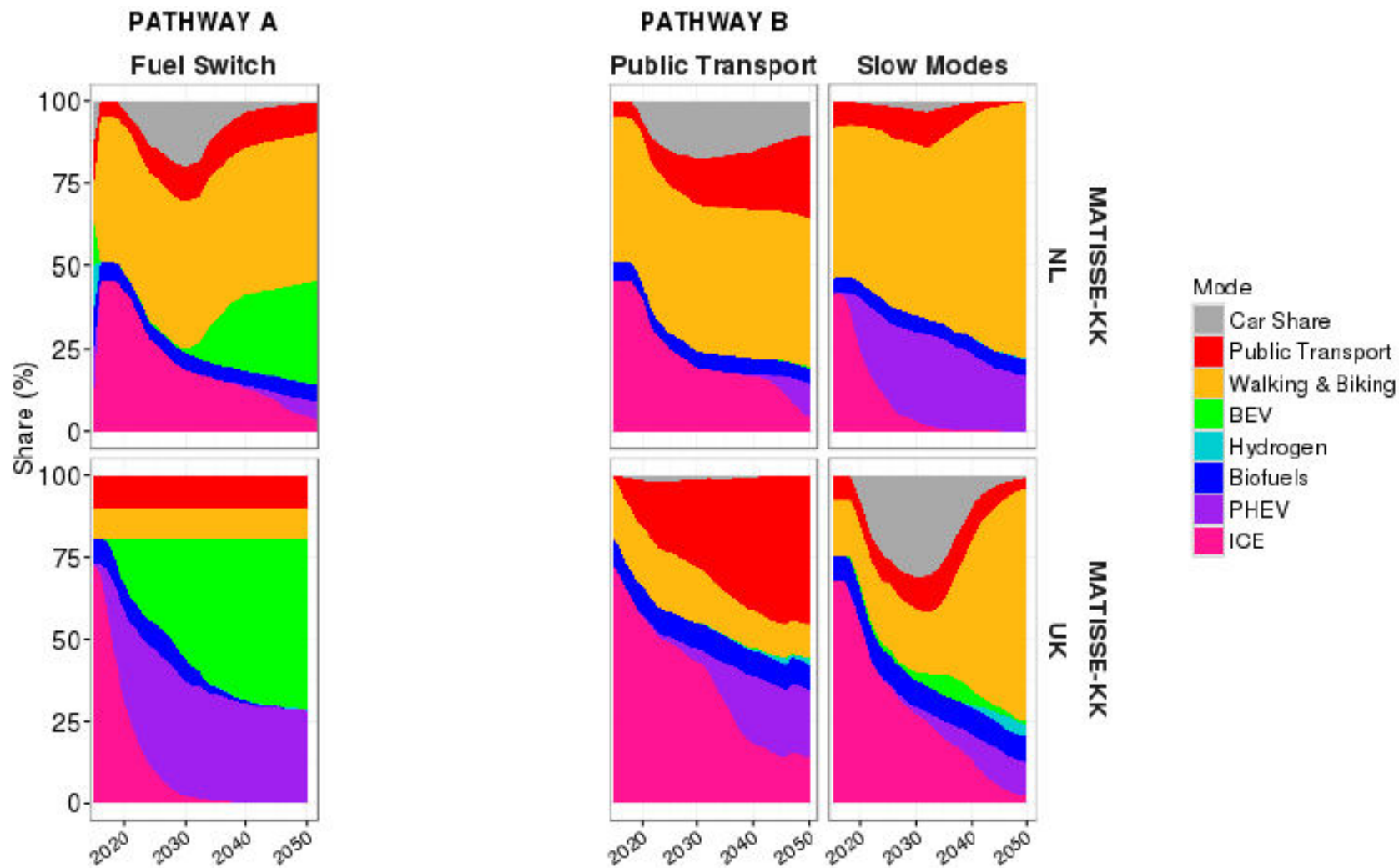
# Scenario results: passenger kms



# Scenario results: share of vehicle types



# Scenario results: Share of mobility lifestyles







TRANSITION  
**PATHWAYS**  
TO SUSTAINABLE LOW-CARBON SOCIETIES



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